## What Is Claimed Is:

1. A microfabricated diamond element wherein at least one columnar body of a quadrangular cross section comprising diamond is formed on a substrate, and

wherein lengths of a long side and a short side in the cross section of the columnar body satisfy relational expressions represented by Formulae (1) and (2) below;

10  $C_1 = 2a\sqrt{1+k^2}\cdots(1)$  $n\lambda \approx C_1\cdots(2)$ 

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C1: a distance [nm] of a lap in a situation where l ight generated inside the columnar body goes around on a specific circuit while being reflected on side faces of the columnar body,

n: an arbitrary positive integer,

 $\lambda$ : an emission peak wavelength [nm] of the diamond,

a: the length of the long side [nm], and

k: a ratio of the length of the short side to the length of the long side.

2. A microfabricated diamond element wherein at least one columnar body of a substantially regularly hexagonal cross section comprising diamond is formed on a substrate, and

25 wherein lengths of sides in the cross section of

the columnar body satisfy relational expressions represented by Formulae (3) and (4) below;

$$C_2 = 3\sqrt{3}b\cdots(3)$$
  
 $n\lambda \approx C_2\cdots(4)$ 

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 $C_2$ : a distance [nm] of a lap in a situation where l ight generated inside the columnar body goes around on a specific circuit while being reflected on side faces of the columnar body,

n: an arbitrary positive integer,

λ: an emission peak wavelength [nm] of the diamond, and

b: the length of the sides [nm].

3. A microfabricated diamond element wherein at least one columnar body of a circular cross section comprising diamond is formed on a substrate, and

wherein when a length of a radius in the cross section of the columnar body is r [nm], and a specific circuit, on which light generated inside the columnar body goes around while being reflected on a side face of the columnar body, is represented by a regular polygon in which a distance from a center to corners thereof is r [nm], the perimeter C<sub>3</sub> [nm] of the regular polygon satisfies relational expressions represented by Formulae (5) and (6) below:

$$3\sqrt{3}r < C_3 < 2\pi r \cdots (5)$$
$$n\lambda \approx C_3 \cdots (6)$$

n: an arbitrary positive integer, and

 $\lambda$ : an emission peak wavelength [nm] of the diamond.

- 4. The microfabricated diamond element according to Claim 1, wherein each side face of the columnar body is a flat surface consisting of a diamond crystal face.
- 5. The microfabricated diamond element according to Claim 4, wherein the diamond crystal face is a (100) face.
- 6. The microfabricated diamond element according to Claim 1, wherein a width  $w_1$  of the columnar body is expressed by Formula (7) below;  $w_1 = a\sqrt{1+k^2}\cdots(7)$

15 , and

wherein the width  $w_1$  is not more than 500 nm.

7. The microfabricated diamond element according to Claim 2, wherein a width  $w_2$  of the columnar body is expressed by Formula (8) below;

 $20 w_2 = 2b \cdots (8)$ 

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, and

wherein the width  $w_2$  is not more than 500 nm.

- 8. The microfabricated diamond element according to Claim 3, wherein a diameter of the columnar body is not more than 500 nm.
  - 9. The microfabricated diamond element

according to Claim 1, wherein a width  $w_1$  of the columnar body is expressed by Formula (7) below;  $w_1 = a\sqrt{1+k^2}\cdots(7)$ 

, and

5 wherein a ratio of a height to the width  $w_1$  of the columnar body is not less than 2.

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10. The microfabricated diamond element according to Claim 2, wherein a width  $w_2$  of the columnar body is expressed by Formula (8) below;  $w_2 = 2b\cdots(8)$ 

, and

wherein a ratio of a height to the width  $w_2$  of the columnar body is not less than 2.

- 11. The microfabricated diamond element according to Claim 3, wherein a ratio of a height of the columnar body to a diameter of the columnar body is not less than 2.
- 12. The microfabricated diamond element according to Claim 1, wherein a ratio of a sectional area of the cross section normal to the longitudinal direction of the columnar body to an overall exposed area of the columnar body is not more than 1/10.
- 13. The microfabricated diamond element according to Claim 1, wherein the columnar bodies are arranged at equal intervals.
  - 14. The microfabricated diamond element

according to Claim 1, wherein an optically transparent film with a refractive index smaller than that of the diamond is formed in part of the side face of the columnar body.

15. A method of fabricating a microfabricated diamond element, comprising:

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an etching step of placing a metal in contiguity with a diamond substrate in a reaction chamber and then effecting reactive ion etching on the diamond substrate in the reaction chamber.

- 16. The method according to Claim 15, wherein the etching step comprises a step of introducing a  $CF_4/O_2$  gas at a flow ratio of  $CF_4$  not more than 3% as a reactive gas into the reaction chamber.
- 17. A method of fabricating a microfabricated diamond element, comprising:
  - a step of patterning a diamond substrate with microscopic Al dots not more than 500 nm in diameter in an arrayed state; and
- a step of effecting reactive ion etching on the diamond substrate in a reaction chamber into which a  $CF_4/O_2$  gas is introduced at a flow ratio of  $CF_4$  not more than 3%.
- 18. The method according to Claim 15, further comprising:
  - a diamond crystal face forming step of exposing

the diamond substrate with microscopic projections formed by the etching step, to a plasma of a gas mainly comprised of hydrogen.

19. A microfabricated diamond element wherein at least one columnar body of a quadrangular cross section comprising diamond and having a maximum diameter of not more than 50 nm is formed on a substrate, and

wherein lengths of a long side and a short side in the cross section of the columnar body satisfy relational expressions represented by Formulae (9) and (10) below;

 $n\gamma \approx 2a \cdots (9)$  $m\gamma \approx 2ka \cdots (10)$ 

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n: an arbitrary positive integer,

m: an arbitrary positive integer,

 $\gamma\colon$  the de Broglie wavelength [nm] of electrons or holes in the diamond,

a: the length of the long side [nm], and

k: a ratio of the length of the short side to thelength of the long side.